

AT Your Service

We are now ready for business in the Waity Building, two doors from Metropolitan Meat Co., with a fresh, choice, up-to-date stock of groceries.

A single trial here will convince you that you will want to trade with us regularly.

Paste this number by your phone:

TELEPHONE
MAIN 149

J. M. LEVY & CO.

Waity Block - - King St.

S. & W. Canned Goods

Never fail to give perfect satisfaction. When you see S. & W. on the label you may be certain that you are getting the best possible goods.

OUR GUARANTEE

goes with these goods and we will cheerfully refund your money if there is the least dissatisfaction. If you once try this famous brand we are certain that you will become a regular customer.

Henry May & Co., Ltd.

TELEPHONES,
Retail Main 22, Wholesale Main 92.

HORSE SHOEING!

W. W. Wright Co., Ltd

have opened a horse-shoeing department in connection with their carriage shop, etc. Having secured the services of a first-class shoer, they are prepared to do all work intrusted to them in a first-class manner.

MRS. HARRIET C. EVANS.

HAIR DRESSING, FACIAL MASSAGE, MANICURING AND CHIROPY.

No. 310 Boston Building,
Evening work by appointment only.

YOKOMIZO

Dealer in
**CORAL ROCK
GARDEN SOIL
SAND, ETC.**

SOLD VERY CHEAP
Orders Phone Blue 1211 attended to at once.

To Furnishers

You can't do better than consult us when you need furniture. At our store you will find the largest and best stock in town at prices which only we are in a position to quote.

Porter Furniture Co.

Young Bldg. Cor. Hotel St.

FRESH SEEDS

Mrs. E. M. Taylor

Alexander Young Building.

Geo. Cassidy

ELECTRICIAN.
159 King St. Tel. Main 153.
Houses wired for electric lights and electric bells.

Physician's electrical instruments repaired and maintained.

HICK'S HAIR RESTORER AND FRECKLE CURE. Not a Dye but a Restorer; Not a Cream, but a FRECKLE, TAN and PIMPLE CURE. If not, money refunded by Miss Wynn, Hair Dressing Parlors, Richards street.

REDUCTION IN SUGAR BELIEVED TEMPORARY

NEW YORK, May 15.—M. G. Wansar & Co. say of sugar: "The reaction can not last much longer. The influence of solid buying by those who must have sugar to supply the consuming trade will soon make itself felt and the course of prices from then on will be governed by actual supply and demand conditions. We believe those conditions will compel higher prices. The consumption on the Continent does not show an important falling off, but the Great Britain and United States figures are disappointing. That there has been a real decrease to the extent statistics indicate is a fact that at present cannot be determined. Invisible stocks of refined—that is, those sugars in the hands of the distributors—have been larger than was supposed; therefore, stocks in first hands, which are the visible supplies upon which statistics are based, have not gone out so rapidly. We believe the reduced meltings of our refineries so far this year are partly explained by the large shipments made during January. The sugars were not needed then, but they were cheap, and it paid the distributors to carry them. Later on, when statistics may reasonably be judged with more accuracy, we will probably find that the higher cost has caused only a very slight curtailment of consumption in the United States."

QUARTERMASTER BERRY TAKEN FROM SHERIDAN

Captain A. P. Berry, U. S. A., quartermaster of the transport Sheridan, has been dismissed in disgrace and his place is filled by Captain Frank Morrow, son of General Morrow, U. S. A., who will be in charge of the transport on her present trip. Capt. Berry was recently ordered under arrest by the Secretary of War.

The arrest is the result of charges preferred by Major Parke, Fourteenth Infantry, who was a passenger in the Sheridan when the vessel passed through Honolulu last month en route to Vancouver Barracks. Major Parke enumerated several minor charges, among them being drunkenness and general incompetency, besides an act of indiscretion aboard the troopship. A part of his conduct, namely, that of drunkenness, is said to have its origin in Honolulu. Captain Berry was very drunk while the transport was here, when Colonel Babb was in charge of troops. The Examiner gives an instance of alleged disorderly conduct by Berry on board the transport and adds:

"It is further alleged that when the Sheridan reached Honolulu, Captain Berry was compelled to send in his resignation, which was to take effect when San Francisco was reached."

A full denial of the purport of the charges was made by Berry when the Sheridan arrived at Portland, April 24.

MAN INTERESTED IN HAWAII DEAD

S. P. Harbison, a Pittsburg, Pa., capitalist, who visited Honolulu for several months a year and a half ago, died recently at his home. The Pittsburg papers speak in the highest terms of Mr. Harbison, both as a business man and a Christian.

Mr. Harbison while here lived at the Hawaiian and Moana Hotels. He was interested in the church work of the islands, and was especially enthusiastic over the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. work in Honolulu. On leaving Honolulu he made a substantial monetary gift to both institutions.

The deceased was one of the big men of Pittsburg. He was a manufacturer of firebrick and was interested in banks. His residence is described as palatial.

HALEIWA.

The Haleiwa Hotel, Honolulu's famous country resort, on the line of the Oahu Railway, contains every modern improvement and affords its guests an opportunity to enjoy all amusements—golf, tennis, billiards, fresh and salt water bathing, shooting, fishing, riding and driving. Tickets, including railway fare and one full day's room and board, are sold at the Honolulu station and Trent & Company for \$5.00. For departure of trains consult time table.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among these—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of **THERAPEION**.

This preparation is unquestionably one of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Robert, Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all who are regarded as authorities in such matters, including the celebrated Lallemand, and Roux, by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy we think there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of those diseases has (like the famous philosopher's stone) been the object of search of some hopeful, generous mind; and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold as surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the falling energies in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is the New French Remedy, **THERAPEION**, which has certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which no little ostentation and noise have been made, and the extensive and ever-increasing demand that has been created for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men.—Diamond Fields Advertiser, Kimberley.

ing, fishing, riding and driving. Tickets, including railway fare and one full day's room and board, are sold at the Honolulu station and Trent & Company for \$5.00. For departure of trains consult time table.

On Sundays, the Haleiwa Limited, a two-hour train, leaves at 8:22 a. m.; returning, arrives in Honolulu at 10:10 p. m.

HAWAIIAN TEA.

Those who attended Mrs. Fred Knight's tea last week say that they can well understand why so many American men are captivated by the charms of Hawaiian women. The receiving party contained a perfect galaxy of dark-eyed Hawaiian beauties. Mrs. Knight, through whose veins courses the blood of royalty, is a strikingly handsome woman. The Princess Kalaniana'ole and the Misses Genevieve, Madeleine and Annie Dowsett, were among the beauties present. Genevieve is visiting Mrs. Knight. The Princess only remained here a few days, as her heart is in the Islands. Sandona, by the way, painted her portrait during his stay in Honolulu and she was so pleased with it that she soon made him the fad there.—Town Talk.

PORPOISE HUNTING.

Dangerous Sport Followed by the Passamaquoddy Indians.

In the northern part of Maine and in Nova Scotia there are still many Indians of the Passamaquoddy tribe, and these Indians follow a pursuit that is almost unknown to the outside world. They shoot porpoises. Everybody familiar with the sea has watched these queer creatures. They are less shy about showing themselves than any other inhabitant of the ocean; but to see them tumbling over themselves in their odd regular way is all the world in general ever has to do with them; the Passamaquoddy Indians, however, not only shoot them, but make their living mainly out of porpoise, and a living well earned it is, too, for there is no occupation in the world that calls for more bravery, skill and endurance. The money is obtained by selling the oil, and pure porpoise oil brings the Indians about 90 cents a gallon; the oil obtained from the paws sells higher; it is tried out by itself because of its superiority, and is valued by watchmakers and others, who want an oil of very fine lubricating quality. The Indians eat the porpoise flesh—it is very much like fresh pork and many white fishermen around the coast like it well enough to give the Indians fresh fish in exchange for it.

There are no game laws to protect porpoise, and the hunting goes on the year around, though the blubber is something like two inches thick in winter, against one and a half in summer; but then the danger and suffering to the Indian, not the fish, are far greater in cold weather.

Make a guess as to how long a big porpoise is. He does not look, when seen from shore or from a steamer's



SHOOTING PORPOISES.

deck, as if he were seven feet long; but about that he frequently is, and five feet about the girth, and with six or seven gallons of oil in his queer body.

Birch bark canoes are still used by the Indians for this sport, and the way they handle them in the wide, stormy waters of the Bay of Fundy is a revelation as to the seaworthiness of those wonderful little craft. Boys must begin their training as porpoise hunters when they are 10 or 12 years old, going out with an older man in good weather first. The Indians generally go two together, for, while shooting the porpoise can be done easily by one in smooth water, it is not the shooting, but the landing of him that is the ticklish business. After he is shot he is speared to finish him, and then the Indian runs two fingers in the blow-hole, takes hold of his fin with the other hand, lifts the great fellow until at least half his length is above the canoe's gunwale, and then drags him aboard. Imagine doing that in a birch bark canoe on a rough winter sea. Yet alone in his canoe under such conditions will often accomplish the feat, and not so rarely he will fail, and lose his life to boot. The usual thing is for two to work together, and then accidents are comparatively rare. A man has to stand up to shoot, if the water is rough. Of course he could not see his game if he didn't. One of those Indians can stand and shoot, and at the same time adapt every movement to the swaying of his boat, keeping her on an even keel with a success that is simply miraculous.

There are many sharks in these waters, and there are perfectly authenticated stories of sharks cutting porpoises in two just as the Indians were hauling them aboard, but they don't seem to mind the sharks at all, driving them off with their long spears when they are too encroaching, with perfect coolness.

Eastport, Me., is the market where the Indians sell most of their oil.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

The late Bishop of London was once ordered by his physician to spend the winter in Algiers. The bishop said it was impossible; he had so many engagements. "Well, my lord bishop," said the specialist, "it either means Algiers or heaven." "Oh, in that case," said the bishop, "I'll go to Algiers."

BIG SALARIED WOMEN

SOME IN CHICAGO RECEIVE AS HIGH AS \$10,000 A YEAR.

Various Professions and Trades Have Feminine Representatives of Extraordinary Ability.

At least half a dozen women in the business and professional life of Chicago are recipients of \$10,000 per year from their vocations. It is estimated that there are over a score of others who enjoy the privilege of spending or saving at least \$5,000 annually which they make in legitimate professional practice, at lines of business which they operate independently, or as heads of departments in the larger places of business, says the Tribune of that city.

Women in some of the largest State street stores talk as freely of salaries of \$10,000 a year as the average clerk does of \$20 a week. And if you feel inclined to argue the question of their right to receive such large salaries they will tell you it is axiomatic they would not receive them year after year unless they earned them.

Compared in number with the men who receive salaries of this size, one well known woman said that among her acquaintances there is about one \$10,000 a year woman to five men who share a similar luxury. Discussing the question further, she seemed to think that the women who receive this amount save a larger portion of it than do men under similar conditions of life. She argued that a woman who can command so large a salary must devote more of her time to the earning of it than does the average man, therefore she finds less time to squander it. "The average salaried man who receives a \$10,000 stipend," she added, "is usually in debt. Such men are, as a rule, convivial in their habits and find that their retention in a position that pays so handsomely requires that they be 'good fellows' with those in higher authority as well as those among their clients. The women who draw large salaries draw them because of their actual fitness for the places they occupy, and not because they are convivial and good 'mixers.'"

"It is not long ago," said the same woman, "that Chicago could boast of but one woman who received for her services \$10,000 annually. I have known two women physicians who have received in excess of \$10,000 per year from their practice, and have maintained this level year in and year out for nearly a score of years, but salaries of this size have been paid to women in Chicago for less than a decade."

It is reported on seemingly good authority that two women members of the legal profession of Chicago have realized an amount approximating \$10,000 annually from their practice, but late years have seen a reduction in the income of all lawyers since the formation of large title and trust companies has taken over a large portion of their business which formerly swelled the annual income of many lawyers.

Several years ago, at the death of her father, Miss Ada C. Sweet, took up that portion of her father's business relating to pension claims, and has continued it ever since. She says she has realized as much as \$8,000 per year from this work. Though not a practicing attorney, she has familiarized herself thoroughly with pension matters, and her clientele in this department of practice is large. Just prior to the Spanish-American war, her business suffered a gradual decrease, but several new claims arising from the recent war have augmented it considerably.

Nearly a score of years ago two young women entered the employ of a State street store as employees of the dress-making department. They soon showed a mastery of the details of the work required of them and were advanced steadily. They were known then as the Misses Reardon and now as Mesdames J. R. Hull and Margaret McCarthy. Mrs. McCarthy before her marriage is said to have been the first woman in Chicago to receive a salary of \$10,000 per year, and it is stated on authority that both she and her sister each receive this stipend as joint superintendents of this big store. They are known in all parts of the world as authorities in their line and number among their patrons many of the wealthiest and most fastidious women of Chicago. There is a striking resemblance between the sisters. One cannot talk with them without being impressed that they are fully equal to the situations they occupy. They are among the busiest women in Chicago and are deeply absorbed in their work. Mrs. McCarthy spends much of her time in Paris representing her firm as buyer for her department.

Occupying a similar position with another store, Mrs. Catherine Dodd, it is authoritatively asserted, receives a salary similar in amount. Mrs. Dodd is by many considered the best authority on dressmaking in America. She is always busy, and supervises with great tact and discretion this important department of a great store. She, too, is abroad much of her time.

Among the medical fraternity of Chicago there is at least one woman whose income reaches, if not exceeds, \$10,000. Nearly every woman who has lived in Chicago for any length of time will acknowledge that Dr. Leila G. Bedell receives a large income, and those who claim to have inside information place it at \$10,000 as a minimum figure, while others say that it yields her over \$15,000 annually.

CONTRACTED NEURALGIA DURING THE WAR.

"I had a bad case of neuralgia which I contracted during the war. I tried several kinds of medicine but they did me no good until a friend of mine recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm which gave me immediate relief. I have had no trouble since and must say that I find Chamberlain's Pain Balm a fine liniment. I have since used it for other troubles and always with good results."—J. V. Hoen, Jacobsdal, Transvaal. For sale by Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Now is the Time to Wear

Dr. Deimel Underwear
(LINEN-MESH)

A great deal of the sickness in the world is caused by unsanitary woolen underwear. Most underwear is made of linen which while being clean has the great disadvantage of being cold and clammy.

By a special process of manufacture, a soft, warm, porous fabric has been evolved by Dr. Deimel, called Linen-Mesh, which is simply linen with the coldness taken out.

Dr. Deimel Underwear has obtained the unqualified endorsement of the foremost members of the Medical Profession and in every part of the globe gives health and comfort—summer, winter, spring and fall.

This underwear is made in such a wide variety of sizes that we can fit everybody.

M. Molnery, Ltd.,
FORT AND MERCHANT STREETS.

BY AUTHORITY.

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, TREASURER'S OFFICE, HONOLULU, OAHU.

In re Dissolution of Wilder's Steamship Company.

Whereas, Wilder's Steamship Company, a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, has pursuant to law in such cases made and provided, duly filed in this office, a petition for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by law.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in this office on or before Monday, at 12 o'clock noon, July 31, 1905, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned, in the Capitol Building, Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

A. J. CAMPBELL,
Treasurer Territory of Hawaii.
Honolulu, May 29, 1905. 7117

WAILUKU TO IAO ROAD AND BRIDGES.

Proposals will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu, until 12 o'clock m. of June 19, 1905, for construction of Road and Bridges, Wailuku, to Iao, Maui.

Plans and specifications are on file with the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works and with S. E. Kellinot, Sec. Wailuku Road Board, Wailuku, Maui, copies of which will be furnished intending bidders on receipt of \$5.00, which sum will be returned after depositing bid and returning plans and specifications.

No proposal will be entertained unless submitted on the blank forms furnished, enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed to C. S. Holloway, Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu, T. H., endorsed "Proposal for Road and Bridges, Wailuku to Iao, Maui," and delivered previous to 12 o'clock m. on the day specified.

The Superintendent of Public Works reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

C. S. HOLLOWAY,
Superintendent of Public Works.
Honolulu, T. H., June 2, 1905. 7120

SHERIFF'S SALE NOTICE.

Under and by virtue of a certain Alias Execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1905, in the matter of Allen W. T. Bottomley, Trustee of the Washington Mercantile Co., Ltd., vs. William A. Hall, I have, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1905, levied upon, and shall offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Police Station, Kalakaua Hale, in said Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon of Thursday, the 15th day of June, A. D. 1905, all the right, title and interest of the said William A. Hall in and to the following described real property, unless the sum of One Hundred Fourteen and 30-100 (\$114.30) Dollars, that being the amount for which said execution issued, together with interest, costs and my fee and expenses are previously paid:

All that certain piece or parcel of

land situate at Aala, Honolulu, described as follows:

Lot A, 1. On mauka side of King street 13,084 sq. ft., same having a frontage of 125 feet on Aala Road and 115.5 feet frontage on King street, being a portion of Royal Patent 3605, conveyed to Wm. A. Hall by partition deed, March 30, 1903, as of record in the Office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu in liber 245, page 243.

The above described premises are subject with other property to mortgages as follows:

Mortgage of Wm. A. Hall to Wilhelmine Dowsett and William O. Smith, Trustee, dated April 29, 1903, for \$13,500, as of record in the Registry Office in said Honolulu in liber 243, page 477.

Mortgage of Wm. A. Hall to John F. Colburn, June 9, 1903, for \$2500, as of record in said Registrar Office in liber 244, page 379, which was assigned to Lewers & Cooke Ltd., on July 2, 1903. Dated at said Honolulu, this 15th day of May, A. D. 1905.

WM. HENRY,
High Sheriff, Territory of Hawaii
7102—May 15, 25, June 5, 15.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned up to two o'clock p. m., on Thursday, June 15, 1905, and then opened, for the exclusive privilege of exchanging foreign money and a similar privilege in connection with furnishing food for detained aliens, at the Honolulu Immigration station. Particulars as to terms and conditions governing bidders can be obtained upon application to F. M. BECHTEL, Inspector in Charge, Honolulu, T. H. 7126

Commissioner's Sale!

At Front Door, Judiciary Building, Honolulu.

Monday, June 5, 1905,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

in re:

Pacific Heights Electric Railway Company, Ltd.,

A cable, referred to in decree of sale as a 5593 foot, 4021 pounds, 4-0 triple braid weather proof cable.

M. T. SIMONTON,
Commissioner.

BOOKS CLOSED.

WILDER'S S. S. COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the stock transfer books of Wilder's Steamship Co. will be closed from and including the 1st day of June, 1905, to and including the 30th day of June, 1905.

By order of the Board of Directors.
(Signed) S. B. ROSE,
Secretary.
Honolulu, T. H., May 31, 1905. 7117

NOTICE.

All persons having left orders for straw hats at Yamatoya, 1044 Nuuanu street, are requested to call for the same within the next two weeks. If not called for within that time they will be sold to pay expenses.

YAMATOYA.
Honolulu, May 25, 1905. 7113

For Rent or Lease.

LIONEL HART PREMISES SUITABLE FOR CLUB HOUSE OR RESIDENCE.

Splendid opportunity to rent or lease that commodious brick residence, also a cottage, on Nuuanu Avenue, between Vineyard and School streets, within easy reach to the heart of the Capitol. Inquire within for full particulars between the hours of 6 to 9 a. m. and 5 to 7:30 p. m. 127

READ THE ADVERTISER—
WORLD'S NEWS DAILY.